

This paper presents a scenario based assessment of energy storage systems (ESS) as a flexibility resource for Kazakhstan, using an open, replicable modeling workflow in PyPSA.

Currently, Kazakhstan operates a 7.5-megawatt (MW) pilot energy storage system at a substation in Kokshetau. The facility is being used to test how storage systems interact with the grid.

They are characterized by high energy density, long service life, and fast charging capability, and are used in residential, commercial, and grid-scale storage applications.

Beyond infrastructure development, the Project will demonstrate grid stability solutions for large-scale RE integration while supporting policy frameworks for energy storage and ancillary services.

The new 2GW BESS initiative--though still in exploratory stages--would dwarf that figure, potentially positioning Kazakhstan as a regional leader in grid-scale energy storage.

The battery energy storage system (BESS) market is expanding rapidly due to renewable energy adoption and grid upgrades, with significant demand for reliable power in remote regions.

The proposed model determines the optimal way of implementation of energy storage technologies and renewable energy sources, their capacity and amount of investment.

In June 2024, amendments to the law on Supporting the Use of Renewable Energy Sources were adopted, which introduced a new concept of a "small-scale renewable energy facility" ...

As Kazakhstan accelerates its renewable energy transition, energy storage systems (ESS) are becoming pivotal for grid stability and industrial growth. This article explores key applications, market ...

Kazakhstan now faces an even more ambitious target: doubling GDP to \$450 billion by 2029.



# Kazakhstan grid-scale energy storage

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